

NANDHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS) (Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) ERODE – 638052 TAMIL NADU Email: <u>principal@nandhaengg.org</u> Mobile: 73737 12234

1.1.2 Details of Courses where syllabus revision was carried out

B.E.- CSE (CYBER SECURITY)

R-22 Curriculum

| Course Code | Course Name | % of Change |
|-------------|---|-------------|
| 22CCC14 | Ethical Hacking | 100% |
| 22CCC15 | Web Security | 100% |
| 22CCP09 | Ethical HackingLaboratory | 100% |
| 22CCP10 | Web SecurityLaboratory | 100% |
| 22CCC16 | Cyber Forensics | 100% |
| 22CCC17 | Blockchain Technology | 100% |
| 22CCP11 | Cyber ForensicsLaboratory | 100% |
| 22CCX01 | Cyber laws | 100% |
| 22CCX02 | Social Network Security | 100% |
| 22CCX03 | Biometric Security | 100% |
| 22CCX04 | Cloud Security | 100% |
| 22CCX05 | E-commerce Security | 100% |
| 22CCX06 | Data Privacy and Protection | 100% |
| 22CCX07 | Cyber Physical System | 100% |
| 22CCX08 | Intrusion Detection System | 100% |
| 22CCX11 | Mobile Device Security | 100% |
| 22CCX12 | Malware Analysis | 100% |
| 22CCX13 | Digital Forensics | 100% |
| 22CCX14 | Data Analytics for Cyber Security | 100% |
| 22CCX15 | Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing | 100% |

Dr.S.PRABHU M.E , Ph.D., Professo



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| Course Code | Course Name | % of Change |
|-------------|---|-------------|
| 22CCX16 | Information Security Management | 100% |
| 22CCX17 | Cyber Security Governance, Risk and Compliance | 100% |
| 22CCX18 | Hardware Security | 100% |
| - | Average | 100% |

Dr.S.PRABHU M.E., Ph.D., Associate Professor & Head Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Department of Computer Science and Engineerin (Cyber Security) Nendha Engineering College (Autonomous) Erode - 636 952.

| | | SI | EMESTER: V | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|--|------------|---------------------|--------------------|----|---|----|----|
| S.No. | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CATEGORY | PRE- REQUISITE | CONTACT PERIODS | L | т | Ρ | С |
| ТНЕ | ORY & EM | 1BEDDED COURSE | S | | | | | | |
| I | 22CCC13 | Automata Theory and Complier Design | PCC | - | 4 | 3 | I | 0 | 4 |
| 2 | 22CCC14 | Ethical Hacking | PCC | 22CCC05 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3 | 22CCC15 | Web Security | PCC | 22CCC11, 22CCC12 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4 | EI | Elective (PEC) | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5 | E2 | Elective (PEC) | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6 | E3 | Elective (PEC / OEC) | PEC / OEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRA | CTICALS | | | | | - | | | |
| 7 | 22CCP09 | Ethical Hacking Laboratory | PCC | 22CCP04 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 8 | 22CCP10 | Web Security Laboratory | PCC | 22CCP06, 22CCP08 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| MAN | | NON-CREDIT COUR | SES | | | · | | | |
| 9 | 22MAN08R | Soft/Analytical Skills – IV ** | MC | - | 3 | I | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| | | | | TOTAL | 30 | 19 | I | 10 | 23 |

** Ratified by Twelfth Academic Council

| | | S | EMESTER: V | /I | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|----|---|---|----|
| S.No. | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CATEGORY | PRE- REQUISITE | CONTACT PERIODS | L | т | Р | С |
| тне | ORY & E | | RSES | | | | | | |
| I | 22CCC16 | Cyber Forensics | PCC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2 | 22CCC17 | BlockchainTechnology | PCC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3 | E4 | Elective (PEC) | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4 | E5 | Elective (PEC) | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5 | E6 | Elective (PEC / OEC) | PEC / OEC | | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6 | E7 | Elective (OEC) | OEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRA | CTICALS | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 22CCP11 | Cyber Forensics Laboratory | РСС | - | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| | | TOTAL | | | 22 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 20 |

| <u>Vertic</u> | <u>al I: W</u> eb A _l | pplication & Decentralized C | <u>Cloud</u> Security | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
| s.no | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CATEGOR Y | PRE- REQUISITE | CONTACT PERIODS | L | т | Р | c |
| Ι. | 22CCX01 | Cyber laws | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2. | 22CCX02 | Social Network Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3. | 22CCX03 | Biometric Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4. | 22CCX04 | Cloud Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5. | 22CCX05 | E-commerce Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6. | 22CCX06 | Data Privacy and Protection | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7. | 22CCX07 | Cyber Physical System | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8. | 22CCX08 | Intrusion Detection System | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| Vertica | al 2: Digital I | Forensics & Infosec Auditing | | r | r | T | | 1 | |
| s.no | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CATEGOR Y | PRE- REQUISITE | CONTACT PERIODS | L | т | Р | ¢ |
| ١. | 22CCXII | Mobile Device Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2. | 22CCX12 | Malware Analysis | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3. | 22CCX13 | Digital Forensics | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4. | 22CCX14 | Data Analytics for Cyber Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5. | 22CCX15 | Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Test | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6. | 22CCX16 | Information Security Management | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7. | 22CCX17 | Cyber Security Governance, Risk and Compliance | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8. | 22CCX18 | Hardware Security | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| Vertic | al 3: Machine | e Intelligence | | | | | | | |
| s.no | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | CATEGOR | PRE- REQUISITE | CONTACT PERIODS | L | т | Р | • |
| ١. | 22CCX21 | Knowledge Engineering | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2. | 22CCX22 | Optimization Techniques | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3. | 22CCX23 | Computer vision | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4. | 22CCX24 | Pattern Recognition | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5. | 22CCX25 | Big Data Analytics | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6. | 22CCX26 | Health care Analytics | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7. | 22CCX27 | Image and Video Analytics | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8. | 22CCX28 | Business Intelligence | PEC | - | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |

| | | 22CCC14 – ETHICAL HAG | CKING | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| | | (Common to22CSX22,22ITX22, 2 | 22CIX32) | | | | |
| | | | | L | Т | Ρ | C |
| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| RE-REQ | UISITE: Linu> | C | | | | | |
| Cour | se Objective: | To provide a comprehensive unc various kinds of malware and attac social engineering, port scanning, an practical skills in ethical hacking to id | ks, and to explore to d ping sweeping. The | ools and te course aims | chniques to equ | for foot | t print |
| Course Ou The student will | | | Cognitiv Leve | in | eighta End S Exam | emes | ster |
| СОІ | Analyze and gai based vulnera | n knowledge on the basics of computer- bilities | Ар | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO2 | Demonstrate ar attacks in syst | id analyze the network and vulnerability em. | An | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO3 | • | out foot printing, reconnaissance and ods using tools | Ap | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO4 | | sics of scanning methodologies and chniques using modern tools | An | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO5 | | am to identify the options for network firewall protection in ethical hacking. | Ap | | | 0% | |

UNITI-INTRODUCTION

Ethical Hacking Overview - Role of Security and Penetration Testers - Penetration-Testing Methodologies- Laws of the Land - Overview of TCP/IP- The Application Layer - The Transport Layer- The Internet Layer - IP Address in

UNITII-NETWORKANDCOMPUTERATTACKS

Network and Computer Attacks - Malware - Protecting Against Malware Attacks. - Intruder Attacks -Denial-of-Service Attacks-Distributed Denial-of-Service Attacks-- Buffer Overflow Attacks- Ping ofDeath Attacks - Session Hijacking-Addressing PhysicalSecurity-Keyloggers

UNITIII-FOOTPRINTINGANDSOCIALENGINEERING

Web tools for Footprinting , Competitive Intelligence - Analyzing a Company's Web Site-Using Other Footprinting Tools-Using E- mail Addresses-Using HTTP Basics-Other Methods of Gathering Information-Using Domain Name System Zone Transfers .- Introduction to Social Engineering-The Art of Shoulder Surfing-The Art of Dumpster Diving-The Art of Piggybacking-Phishing

UNITIV-PORTSCANNING

Introduction to Port Scanning- Types of Port Scans - Port-Scanning Tools – Nmap- Unicorns can — Nessus and OpenVAS-PingSweeps - Fping - Hoping-Crafting IP Packets

UNITV-DESKTOPANDSERVEROSVULNERABILITIES

(9)

Windows OS Vulnerabilities-Windows File Systems-Remote Procedure Call—NetBIOS-Server Message Block-Common Internet File System-Null Sessions-Web Services-SQL Server-Buffer Overflows-Passwords and Authentication-Tools for Identifying Vulnerabilities in Windows-Best Practices for Hardening Windows Systems

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

I. Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman, and James E. Corley, Hands-On Ethical Hacking and NetworkDefense, Course Technology, Delmar Cengage Learning, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Dr. John Smith, Dr. Emily Johnson, Dr. Mohammad Khan, A Survey of Ethical Hacking Techniques and

Tools for Penetration Testing, 2020

2. The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing - Patrick Engebretson, SYNGRESS, Elsevier, 2013.

| | | | | M | apping | g of Co | s with | Pos /F | SO s | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|-----|---|---|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|----|----|----|---|-----|
| Cos | | Pos | | | | | | | | | | | | SOs |
| Cos | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | | | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | | 2 | | | | | | 3 | 3 | | | | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 0. 6 | 2.2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |



| | | 22CCC15 – WEB | SECURITY | | ecurity. We | | | |
|--------|--|--|-----------------|-----|----------------|--------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | - | | L | Т | Ρ | С | |
| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| PREREC | QUISITE: NIL | | | | | | | |
| Cou | rse Objective: | This course focuses on wid management, and implement | | | | issue, | risk | |
| | Outcomes t will be able to | | Cognitive Level | Ir | | • • | ge of COs er Examination | |
| COI | Analyze the concept o needs. | f web applicationits | An | 20% | | | | |
| CO2 | Acquainted with the p development and depl applications | | An | | 20% | | | |
| CO3 | Acquire the skill to de Web Applications that APIs | sign and develop Secure : use Secure | Ар | | 20% | | | |
| CO4 | Ability to get the impo out vulnerability assess penetration testing | , . | An | | 20% | | | |
| CO5 | Apply knowledge of ha strong defense against | - | Ар | | % | | | |

UNITI – FUNDAMENTALS OF WEB APPLICATION SECURITY (9)

The history of Software Security-Recognizing Web Application Security Threats, Web Application Security, Authentication and Authorization, Secure Socket layer, Transport layer Security, Session Management -Input Validation

UNITII-SECURE DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT

Web Applications Security - Security Testing, Security Incident Response Planning, The Microsoft Security Development Lifecycle (SDL), OWASP Comprehensive Lightweight Application Security Process (CLASP), The Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM)

UNITIII-WEB SECURE API

API Security- Session Cookies, Token Based Authentication, Securing Natter APIs: Addressing threats with Security Controls, Rate Limiting for Availability, Encryption, Audit logging, securing service-to- service APIs: API Keys, OAuth2, Securing Microservice APIs: Service Mesh, Locking Down NetworkConnections, Securing Incoming Requests.

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UNITIV – VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT AND PENETRATION TESTING

Vulnerability Assessment Lifecycle, Vulnerability Assessment Tools: Cloud-based vulnerability scanners, Host-basedvulnerability scanners, Network-based vulnerability scanners, Database- based vulnerability scanners, Types of Penetration Tests: External Testing, Web Application Testing, Internal Penetration Testing, SSID or Wireless Testing, Mobile Application Testing.

UNITV- HACKING TECHNIQUES AND TOOLS

Social Engineering, Injection, Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), Broken Authentication and Session Management, Cross-Site Request Forgery, Security Misconfiguration, Insecure Cryptographic Storage, Failure to Restrict URL Access, Tools: Comodo, OpenVAS, Nexpose, Niko, Burp Suite, etc.

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Andrew Hoffman, Web Application Security: Exploitation and Countermeasures for Modern Web Applications, First Edition, 2020, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 2. Bryan Sullivan, Vincent Liu, Web Application Security: A Beginners Guide, 2012, The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 3. Neil Madden, API Security in Action, 2020, Manning Publications Co., NY, USA.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Michael Cross, Developer's Guide to Web ApplicationSecurity, 2007, Syngress Publishing, Inc.
- 2. Ravi Das and Greg Johnson, Testing and Securing Web Applications, 2021, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
- 3. Prabath Siri warden a, Advanced API Security, 2020, A press Media LLC, USA.
- 4. Malcom McDonald, Web Security for Developers, 2020, No Starch Press, Inc.

| | | | I | Mappi | ing of | Cos w | ith Po | s / PS (| Os | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------|--------|-------|--------|-----------------|----|----|----|----|---|------|--|
| COs | | POs | | | | | | | | | | | | PSOs | |
| | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 | |
| I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 2 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | | | |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | |

(9)

| | 22CCP09 - | ETHICAL HACKING LABORATOR | Y | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----|
| | | | L | Т | Ρ | С |
| | | | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| PREREQ | UISITE: Linux | | | | | |
| Cours | se Objective: | Understand the fundamental concepts and principles or practical skills in identifying system vulnerabilities, and let tools used by ethical hackers. Gain hands-on experier vulnerability assessment, and explore the legal and ethic ethical hacking practices. | earn meth nce in per | odolog etratio | ies ano n testi | d |
| Course O The student will | | | C | ogniti | ve Le | vel |
| COI | Demonstrate profi identify and exploit | ciency in using various ethical hacking tools andtechniques to vulnerabilities. | | Ap | | |
| CO2 | Apply ethical hacki systems and netw | ng methodologies to assess the security postureof computer orks. | | Ар | | |
| CO3 | Analyze and interp remediate security | ret the results of ethical hacking tests toprioritize and risks. | | An | | |
| CO4 | Develop strategies ethical hacking fin | to enhance the security of information systemsbased on dings. | | An | | |
| CO5 | - | nd ethical implications of ethical hacking practices and adhere ndards and guidelines. | | Ap | | |

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Linux Commands (Basic & Advanced)
- 2. Information Gathering
- 3. Vulnerability Analysis
- 4. Web Application Analysis
- 5. Database Assessment
- 6. Password Attacks
- 7. Wireless Attacks
- 8. Reverse Engineering
- 9. Exploitation tools
- 10. Sniffing & Spoofing

TOTAL (P:60) = 60 PERIODS

| | | | | Мар | oping o | of Cos | with P | os / PS | 5Os | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|--------|--------|---------|-----|----|----|----|---|-------------|
| | | Pos | | | | | | | | | | | | SO s |
| COs | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | | 3 | | 3 | | | | 3 | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 0.6 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |

| | 22CCP10 – WEB SECUR | ITY LABORATOF | RY | | | |
|-------|--|--|------------|---------|------|---|
| | | | L | Т | Ρ | С |
| | | | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| PRERE | QUISITE: | | | | | |
| Cours | • To focuses on hands-o implementing web s | on, practical experience in und ecurity practices | erstanding | and | | |
| | Outcomes will be able to | | Cog | gnitive | Leve | I |
| COI | Apply the concept of web applications and analyses its | needs. | | Ap | D | |
| CO2 | Analyses the process for secure development an applications | d deployment of web | | Ar | า | |
| CO3 | Acquire the skill to design and develop Secure Secure APIs | Web Applications that use | | Ap |) | |
| CO4 | Ability to get the importance of carrying out vul penetration testing | nerability assessment and | | Ar | ו | |
| CO5 | Acquire the skill to think like a hacker and to us | e hackers tool sets | | С | : | |

| | List of Exercises | (9) |
|-----|--|-----|
| 1. | Install wires hark and explore the various protocols | |
| | a. Analyses the difference between HTTP vs HTTPS | |
| | b. Analyses the various security mechanisms embedded with different protocols. | |
| 2. | Identify the vulnerabilities using OWASP ZAP tool | |
| 3. | Create simple REST A Plusing python for following operation | |
| | a. GET | |
| | b. PUSH | |
| | c. POST | |
| | d. DELETE | |
| 4. | Install Burp Suite to do following vulnerabilities: | |
| | a. SQL injection | |
| | b. Cross-site scripting (XSS) | |
| 5. | Attack the web site using Social Engineering method. | |
| 6. | Study of different types of vulnerabilities for hacking a websites / Web Applications. | |
| 7. | Study of the features of firewall in providing network security and to set Firewall Security in windows. | |
| 8. | Analysis the Security Vulnerabilities of E-commerce services. | |
| 9. | Analysis the security vulnerabilities of E-Mail Application | |
| 10. | Case -Study | |
| | TOTAL:60PERIOI | D |

| | | | Ma | pping | of Co | os witł | n POs | /PSOs | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | COs 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COs | I | 2 | 2 | I | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| I | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 3 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 4 | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |

22CCC16 - CYBER FORENSICS (Common to 22CIX33) L Т Ρ С 3 0 3 0 PREREQUISITE: NIL Aware of fundamentals on cyber forensics and usage of cyber forensics tools and enhance **Course Objective:** the knowledge on database, email and threats in crypto currency. systems. Weightage of Cognitive Course Outcomes COsin End The Student will be able to Level **S**emester Examination COI 20% Ap Explain the basic of Forensics investigation process. Explain Linux forensics and file systems and the challenges various CO2 An 20% devices. Develop expertise network forensics, mastering techniques to investigate and analyze network activities for identifying security CO3 Ap 20% breaches and Threats effectively. Explain forensic investigations in cloud environments, focusing on CO4 Ap 20% data retrieval, analysis. Analyze the specialized skills in Bit coin forensics, Enabling the CO5 An 20% mtotrace transactions, investigate illicit activities.

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER FORENSICS

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Introduction to Cyber forensics: Forensics investigation process –Forensics protocol– Digital forensics standards–Digital evidence – Types of cybercrime – Notable data breaches– Case study- Challenges in Cyber security – Cyberforensics tools. Windows forensics: Digital Evidence – File systems – Time analysis–Challenges-Case Study.

UNIT II – LINUX FORENSICS AND FILE SYSTEM

Linux forensics: Popular Linux— File systems —Process —Artifacts —Linux distribution used for forensics analysis —Challenges —Case study. Mac OS forensics: File systems— Process — Artifacts — Information to collect Macbook forensics investigation — Case study. Anti-forensics: Data wiping and shredding — Trial obfuscation—Encryption— Datahiding—Anti-forensicsdetectiontechnique

UNIT III – NETWORK FORENSICS

Network forensics: OSI Model – Artifacts – ICPM Attack – Analysis tools. Mobile forensics: Android operating system – Mutual Extraction – Physical acquisition – Chip – off – Micro – read – Challenges – iOS operating system.

UNIT IV – CLOUD FORENSICS DATA

loud forensics: Cloud computing model – Server – side forensics – Client – side forensics – Challenges –Artifacts – use – Forensics as a Service. Malware forensics: Types – Analysis –Tools – Challenges –Malware as a Service. Web attack forensics: Web attack test – Intrusion forensics – Database forensics – Log

Forensics - Content analysis - File metadata forensics

UNIT V - BITCOIN FORENSICS

Email sand email criminals: Protocols – Email criminals – Email forensics. Solid State device forensics: Components – Data wiping – Analysis. Bit coin forensics: Crypto currency – Block chain – Artifacts – Challenges.

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Niranjan Reddy, Practical Cyber Forensics: An Incident-Based Approach to Forensic Investigations, Apress, FirstEdition, 2019
- 2. CEH official Certified Ethical Hacking Review Guide, Wiley India Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. John Vacca, Computer Forensicsl, Cengage Learning, 2005
- 2. Marjie Tabriz, —Computer Forensics and Cyber Crimel: An Introductionl, 3rdEdition, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 3. Ankit Fadia Ethical Hackingl Second Edition, Mac millanIndia Ltd, 2006
- 4. Kenneth C. Brancik— Insider Computer Fraudl Auerbach Publications Taylor & amp; Francis Group 2008.

| | Mapping of COs with POs / PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-------|---|--|--|-----|--|--|--|--|---|---|------|---|--|
| | | | | | | POs | | | | | | | PSOs | | |
| COs | COs I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 3 | 3 3 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | 3 | |
| 4 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | 3 | |
| 5 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| CO (W.A) | CO (W.A) 3< | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |

| | 22CCC17 - BLOCKCHAIN AND | TECHNOLO | GY | | | |
|-------|--|--------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | L | т | Ρ | С |
| | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| | PREREQUISITE: NIL | | | | | |
| Cours | • To provide students with a comprehe technology, its underlying principles, an | • | | kchain | | |
| | Outcomes nt will be able to | Cognitiv eLevel | in S | End Seme | ge of ster inatio | |
| соі | Analyze how blockchain technology might impact various sectors, including finance, healthcare, and governance. | An | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO2 | Create and manage cryptocurrency wallets, executetrades, and interact with blockchain-based applications. | С | | 2 | 0% | |
| СОЗ | Evaluate various scalability solutions and enhancements, such as the Lightning Network and Segregated Witness (SegWit), and their impact on Bitcoin's performance and usability. | E | 0% | | | |
| CO4 | Develop, deploy, and manage chain code (smart contracts) on the Hyperledger Fabric platform using Go or JavaScript. | С | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO5 | Analyze various use cases of blockchain technology in industries such as finance (e.g., cryptocurrencies, decentralized finance), supply chain (e.g., traceability, logistics), healthcare (e.g., patient records, clinical trials), and more. | An | | 2 | 0% | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN

Blockchain- Public Ledgers, Blockchain as Public Ledgers - Block in a Blockchain, Transactions The Chainand the Longest Chain - Permissioned Model of Blockchain, Cryptographic -Hash Function, Properties of a hash function-Hash pointer and Merkle tree

UNIT II - BITCOIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY

A basic crypto currency, Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, FORTH – the precursor for Bitcoin scripting, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay

UNIT III - BITCOIN CONSENSUS

Bitcoin Consensus, Proof of Work (PoW)- Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW, monopoly problem- Proof of Stake- Proof of Burn - Proof of Elapsed Time - Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool-Permissioned model and use cases.

UNIT IV - HYPERLEDGER FABRIC & ETHEREUM

(9)

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Architecture of Hyperledger fabric v1.1- chain code- Ethereum: Ethereum network, EVM, Transaction fee, Mist Browser, Ether, Gas, Solidity.

UNIT V - BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS

Smart contracts, Truffle Design and issue- DApps- NFT. Blockchain Applications in Supply Chain Management, Logistics, Smart Cities, Finance and Banking, Insurance,etc- Case Study.

TOTAL (L:45) : 45 PERIODS

(9)

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bashir and Imran, Mastering Blockchain: Deeper insights into decentralization, cryptography, Bitcoin, and popular Blockchain frameworks, 2017.
- 2. 2. Andreas Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies", O'Reilly, 2014

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel Drescher, "Blockchain Basics", First Edition, Apress, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, and Steven Goldfeder. Bitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.
- 5. Melanie Swan, "Blockchain: Blueprint for a New Economy", O'Reilly, 2015

| | Mapping of COs with POs / PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|----|--|--|
| | POs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COs | I | I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 IO II I2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 4 | 3 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | |
| 5 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO (W.A) | 3 3 3 3 3 A) | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3. | | |

| | 22 | ССРП | - CYB | ER FO | OREI | NSI | CS | LAE | BOR | AT | OR | 1 | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------------|--|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|---|----|-------|--------|------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | L | т | Ρ | (| С |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | | 3 |
| PRERE | EQUISITE: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cours | se Objective: | fie | o equip si eld of cy ecurity, ar | ber fore | ensics, | , prep | paring | | | | • | | | | | rpor | ate |
| | e Outcomes ent will be able to | | | | | | | | | | | | Co | gniti | ve Lev | el | |
| COI | Apply important | variety of f | forensic to | ools for | effectiv | ve dig | ital in | vestig | gation | S. | | | | , | Чp | | |
| CO2 | Analyze the data digital investiga | | nine the r | number o | of succ | essful | lly rec | over | delet | edfile | s in | | | ļ | ۸n | | |
| CO3 | Design of foren EnCase Foren | | s of hard | drives a | and res | storin | ng evi | dence | e ima | gesus | ing | | | / | Чp | | |
| CO4 | Demonstrate kr | nowledge a | bout the | enhanci | ing the | eir for | ensic | inve | stigati | ionsk | ills. | | | | An | | |
| CO5 | Identify the last investigations w skills. | | | | | | | | | | alysis | | | | С | | |

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Study of Computer Forensics and different tools used for forensic investigation
- 2. How to Recover Deleted Files using Forensics Tools
- 3. Study the steps for hiding and extract any text file behind an image file/ Audio file using CommandPrompt
- 4. How to Extract Exchangeable image file format (EXIF) Data from Image Files using ExifreaderSoftware
- 5. How to make the forensic image of the hard drive using EnCase Forensics
- 6. How to Restoring the Evidence Image using EnCase Forensics
- 7. How to Extracting Browser Artifacts
- 8. How to view Last Activity of your PC.
- 9. Find Last Connected USB on your system (USB Forensics)
- 10. Live Forensics Case Investigation using Autopsy

TOTAL (P:60) = 60 PERIODS

| | Mapping of COs with POs / PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | POs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COs | I | I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 IO II I2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 2 | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 4 | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 22CCX01 – CYBER LAW | S | | | | |
|--------|--|--------------------|----------|---------------------------|------|---|
| | | | L | Т | Р | С |
| | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRER | REQUISITE: NIL | | | | | |
| Course | • To equip students with a thorough unders landscape related to cyberspace and digi | - | egal and | l regula | tory | |
| | e Outcomes dent will be able to | Cognitive Level | in E | eighta End So amina | emes | |
| соі | Analyze potential new legal issues and the need for evolving legal frameworks to address technological advancements. | An | | | 20% | |
| CO2 | Analyze the rights of individuals regarding their personal data, such as the right to access, correction, and erasure of information. | An | | | 20% | |
| CO3 | Analyze the rights of individuals regarding their digital information and the obligations of organizations to safeguard data privacy. | An | | , | 20% | |
| CO4 | Apply forensic methods to detect and investigate network intrusions, data exfiltration, and other cloud-based incidents. | Ар | | | 20% | |
| CO5 | Apply critical thinking to analyze and solve problems related to cybercrime, including developing investigative strategies and response plans. | Ap | | | 20% | |

UNIT I – INTRODUCTION

(9)

Introduction - Credit Card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era - Security Challenges in Mobileand Computer- Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices - Registry Setting for Mobile Devices – Authentication Service Security - Attacks on Mobile / Cell Phones–Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations– Organizational Measures for Handling Mobiles Devices – Related Security Issues – Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era – Laptop.

UNIT II – INFORMATION ACT

Phishing –Identity Theft (ID Theft)- Password Cracking –Keyloggers and spywares - Virus and Worms - Trojan Horses and Backdoors - Steganography - DoS and DDoS Attacks –SQL Injection – Buffer Overflow – Attacks on Wireless Networks.

UNIT III – CYBER ACT

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Cybercrimes and the Legal Landscape around the world – Why Do We Need Cyberlaws - The Indian IT Act – Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario in India –Consequences of Not Addressing theWeakness in Information Technology Act - Digital Signatures and The Indian IT Act- Amendments to theIndian IT Act – Cybercrime and Punishment - Cyberlaws, Technology and Students: Indian Scenario – Intellectual Property in the Cyberspace.

UNIT IV – CYBER FORENSICS

Historical Background of Cyber forensics – Cyber forensics and Digital Evidence – Forensics Analysis of E-Mail – Networks Forensics – Approaching a Computer Forensics Investigation – Computer Forensics and Steganography – OSI 7 Layer Model to Computer Forensics – Computer Forensics from Compliance Perspective – Challenges in Computer Forensics – Special Tools and Techniques – Forensics Auditing

UNIT V- CYBER CRIME

Introduction - Definition and Origins of the Word - Cybercrime and Information security - Classifications of Cybercrimes - The Legal Perspectives - An India Perspectives - Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000 - A Global Perspective on Cybercrimes – Cybercrime Era – Criminals Plan the Attacks – Social Engineering – Cyberstalking – Cyberstalking – cybercafe and Cybercrime – The Fuel for Cybercrime – CloudComputing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sunit Belapure and Nina Godbole, Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Verma S, K, Mittal Raman, Legal Dimensions of Cyber Space, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi, (2004)
- 2. S. R. Bhansali, Information Technology Act, 2000, University Book House Pvt. Ltd., Jaipur (2003).
- 3. Blockchain, Blueprint for a new Economy, Melanie Swan, 2017 O'Reilly
- 4. Sudhir Naib, The Information Technology Act, 2005: A Handbook, OUP, New York, (2011)
- 5. Upadhyaya and A. Upadhyaya, Material Science and Engineering, Anshan Publications, 2007

| | | | | ١ | 1appin | g of C | Os wit | h POs | / PSO | s | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----|---|----|----|----|
| Cos | | | | | | F | Os | | | | | | PS | Os |
| COS | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | | 12 | I | 2 |
| Ι | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 5 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |

22CCX02 - SOCIAL NETWORK SECURITY

(Common to 22CSX25,22ITX25, 22AIX21, 22CIX34)

| L | Т | Ρ | С |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

PREREQUISITE: NIL

• To focuses on understanding and addressing security issues related to social networking platforms, including protecting user privacy, preventing cyber threats, and managing data security.

| | e Outcomes dent will be able to | Cognitive Level | Weightage of COs in End Semester Examination |
|-----|---|--------------------|--|
| COI | Apply network analysis and explore its applications. | Ap | 20% |
| CO2 | Comprehend the role of ontologies in the Semantic Web, ontology-based knowledge representation, | An | 20% |
| CO3 | Develop skills to extract the evolution of web communities | С | 20% |
| CO4 | Predict human behavior in social communities through reality mining | An | 20% |
| CO5 | Visualizing social network on various technologies | An | 20% |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION

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Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web – Emergence of the Social Web - Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis - Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities - Web-based networks - Applications of Social Network Analysis.

UNIT II - MODELLING, AGGREGATING AND KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION

Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web: Ontology-based knowledge Representation – Ontology languages for the Semantic Web: Resource Description Framework - Web Ontology Language - Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation - Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships - Aggregating and reasoning with social network data - Advanced representations.

UNIT III- EXTRACTION AND MINING COMMUNITIES IN WEB (9) SOCIALNETWORKS

Extracting evolution of Web Community from a Series of Web Archive - Detecting communities in social networks -Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods for community detection and mining - Applications of community mining algorithms - Tools for detecting community's social network infrastructures and communities -Decentralized online social networks - multi-relational characterization of dynamic social network communities.

UNIT IV - PREDICTING HUMAN BEHAVIOUR AND PRIVACY ISSUES

Understanding and predicting human behaviour for social communities - User data management – Inference and Distribution – Enabling new human experiences-Reality Mining-Context- Awareness - Privacy in online social networks - Trust in online environment - Trust models based on subjective logic - Trust network analysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation - Trust derivation based on trust comparisons - Attack spectrum and countermeasures.

UNIT - V VISUALIZATION AND APPLICATIONS OF SOCIAL NETWORKS (9)

Graph theory - Centrality - Clustering - Node-Edge Diagrams - Matrix representation – Visualizing online socialnetworks, Visualizing social networks with matrix-based representations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid representations - Applications - Cover Networks-Community welfare - Collaboration networks - Co- Citation networks.

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. PeterMika, —Social Networks and the Semantic Webl, First Edition, Springer2007.
- 2. Borko Furht, —Handbook of Social Network Technologies and
- Applicationsl, 1stEdition, Springer, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. GuandongXu ,Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, —Web Mining and Social Networking –Techniques and applicationsl, First Edition, Springer, 2011.
- 2. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, —Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectivelyl, IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
- 3. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, —Collaborative and Social InformationRetrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modellingl, IGI Global Snippet, 2009.

| | Mapping of Cos with POs/PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|-----|------|---|--|
| Cos | | | | | | | | | | | | Pos | PSOs | 5 | |
| COS | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | П | 12 | I | 2 | |
| I | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |
| 2 | | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |
| 3 | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |
| 4 | | 3 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |
| 5 | | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | |
| CO (W.A) | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | |

22CCX03- BIOMETRIC SECURITY (Common to 22CSX28,22ITX28, 22AIX22, 22CIX35)

| L | Т | Р | С |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

PREREQUISITE: NIL

Course Objective:

To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of biometric security systems, covering their design, implementation, evaluation, and applications in various security contexts.

| | Dutcomes nt will be able to | Cognitive Level | Weightage of COs in End Semester Examination |
|-----|---|--------------------|--|
| COI | Analyze the biometric systems, their functionalities, and the underlying principles and their practical Applications in real-world scenarios. | An | 20% |
| CO2 | Apply the face recognition and face detection methods. | Ap | 20% |
| CO3 | Evaluate encoding and matching algorithms used to extract distinctive features from there is for Verification purposes. | E | 20% |
| CO4 | Illustrate the architecture and components involved in capturing data from multiple biometric sources. | An | 20% |
| CO5 | Research types of attacks that can occur at the user interface level. | An | 20% |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRICS

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Biometric functionalities – Biometric system errors – The design cycle of biometric systems – Applications ofbiometric systems – Security and privacy issues – Fingerprint recognition – Fingerprint acquisition – Feature extraction – Fingerprint indexing – Palmprint.

UNIT II - FACE RECOGNITION

Introduction to face recognition - Image acquisition-Face detection-Feature extraction and matching.

UNIT III – IRIS RECOGNITION

Introduction to iris recognition – Design of an iris recognition system – Iris segmentation – Iris normalization - Irisencodingandmatching—Irisquality—Biometrictraits—Handgeometry—Softbiometrics.

UNIT IV - MULTI-BIOMETRICS

Multi-biometrics – Sources of multiple evidence – Acquisition and processing architecture – Fusion levels.

UNIT V – SECURITY OF BIOMETRIC SYSTEMS

Adversary attack – Attacks at the user interface – Attacks on the biometric processing – Attacks on thetemplate database.

TOTAL:45PERIOD

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TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Anil K Jain, Arun A Ross and Karthik Nandakumar, Introduction to Biometrics, Springer, First Edition, 2011.
- 2. Rachid Guerraoui and Franck Petit, Stabilization, Safety, and Security of Distributed Systems, Springer, FirstEdition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Marcus Smith, Monique Mann and Gregor Urbas, Biometrics, Crime and Security, Taylor and Francis, FirstEdition, 2018.
- 2. Ravindra Das, The Science of Biometrics SecurityTechnologyfor Identity Verification, Taylor andFrancis, FirstEdition, 2018.

| | | | | | Mappi | ng of (| Cos wi | th PO: | s/PSOs | 5 | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|-----|---|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|----|----|----|------|-----|
| Cos | | | | | | | POs | | | | | | PSOs | 5 |
| Cos | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | |
| 2 | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3 | 3 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.8 | 0.4 |

| | | 22CCX04 - CLOUD SECURITY (Common to 22CSX23,22ITX23, 22AI) | (22) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----|
| | | | (23) | L | Т | Ρ | С |
| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PREREC | QUISITE: NIL | | | | | | |
| Course (| Objective: | To introduce the fundamental concepts To understand and address security con To explore data security strategies and To evaluate security criteria for building selecting external cloud service pro To assess and evaluate cloud security to the security of the | ncerns, risks, and leg best practices for s g and managing priva viders. | gal aspe ecuring te clou | cts. data in ds and | theclo | ud |
| Course O The student | Outcomes will be able to | | Cognitive Level | | Veight COsii Semo Exami | n End ester | |
| соі | | the concepts of cloud computing, liance in cloud environment. | An | | | 0% | |
| CO2 | | plement secure cloud architectures, s, and strategies for secure cloud | Ap | | 20 | 0% | |
| CO3 | | gies and best practices for managingcloud data d monitoring security controls | Ap | | 20 | 0% | |
| CO4 | | nental concepts in infrastructure i in cloud computing. | Ap | | 20 | 0% | |
| CO5 | | ity operations activities and r efficient and secure cloud | Ap | | 20 | 0% | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Cloud computing and security: Understanding cloud computing – The IT foundation for Cloud. Anhistorical view: Roots of Cloud computing – A brief primer on architecture. Security architecture: Cloud computing architecture – Cloud reference architecture – Control over security in the cloud model – Making sense of cloud deployment – Making sense of services models – Real- world cloud usage scenarios.

UNIT II - SECURING THE CLOUD

Security concerns – Risk issues and legal aspects – Security concerns –Assessing risk tolerance inCloud Computing–Legal and regulatory issues–Securing the Cloud: Architecture–Security patterns and

architectural element – Cloud security architecture –Planning key strategies for secure operation.

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UNIT III - CLOUD DATA SECURITY

Securing the cloud: Data security – Overview of data security in Cloud Computing. Data encryption: Applications and limits – Cloud data security – Sensitive data categorization – Cloud data storage – Cloud lock-in (the Roach Motel Syndrome). Securing the cloud: Key strategies and Best practices–Overall strategy– Effectively managing risk –Overview of security controls –The limits of security controls – Best practices – Security monitoring.

UNIT IV - SECURITY CRITERIA

Security criteria: Building an internal cloud - Private clouds - Motivation and overview - Security criteria for ensuring a private cloud – Security criteria – Selecting an external cloud provider – Selecting a CSP – Overview of assurance – Selecting a CSP – Overview of risks – Selecting a CSP

UNIT V – EVALUATING CLOUD SECURITY

Security criteria – Evaluating cloud security – An information security framework – Evaluating cloud security – Checklists for evaluating cloud security – Metrics for the checklists – Operating a cloud – Architecture to efficientand secure operations -Security operations activities.

TOTAL(L:45): 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Raghuram Yeluri and EnriqueCastro-Leon, Building the Infrastructure for Cloud Security: A Solutions View, A press, First Edition, 2014

2. Ronald L Krutz and Russell Dean Vines, Cloud Security: A Comprehensive Guide to Secure Cloud Computing, Wiley, First Edition, 2010

REFERENCES:

1. Chris Dotson, Practical Cloud Security A Guide for Secure Design and Deployment,

- O'Reilly Media, First Edition, 2019
- 2. Raymond Choo and Ryan Ko, The Cloud Security Ecosystem Technical, Legal, Businessand Management Issues, Elsevier Science, First Edition, 2015

| | | | | Ma | apping | of Co | s with | POs/F | SO s | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|----|----|----|---|-------------|
| | | | | | | РС |)s | | | | | | F | SO s |
| COs | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | | | | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |

143 | Page

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| | 22CCX05 - E-COMMERCE SECURITY (Common to 22CSX27,22ITX27) | | | | |
|--------|--|----------|------------------------------------|------------|---|
| | | L | т | Ρ | С |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRERE | QUISITE: NIL | | | | |
| Course | • To focuses on understanding and implementing security r protect online transactions and digital business operations | | s to | | |
| | Dutcomes Cognitive Level | CC Se | ightag Osin E emest umina | ind ter | |
| COI | Analysisthehistoricalcontext,benefits, drawbacks, and societal implications.An | | 20% | | |
| CO2 | Acquire knowledge of key e-commerce technologiessuch as symmetric and asymmetric encryption, SSL Ap | | 20% | | |
| CO3 | Conductinvestigationaboutthediversesecurity threats inherent in e - commerceAp | | 20% | | |
| CO4 | Design and develop - commerce security policies, including privacy protection, security infrastructure An implementation | | 20% | | |
| CO5 | Gain insight into the various threats faced by e-business An | | 20% | | |

UNITI - INTRODUCTION

Introduction to e-Commerce - The Background of e-Commerce-Delimitation-Advantages and Disadvantagesofe-Commerce-Advantagesofe-Commerce-enetstoConsumers-BenetstoSociety- e-Commerce Disadvantages

UNITII - E-COMMERCETECHNOLOGIES

Symmetric Encryption – Asymmetric Encryption- Secure Socket Layer – Digital Signature- Electronic Certicates -Wise Cards-Electronic Money – Characteristics of e-Commerce Technologies

UNITIII - SECURITYTHREATSTOE-COMMERCE

ClientDangers-CommunicationChannelPerils-ServerRisks-SecurityNecessitiesandSecurity Approach-Authentication--Privacy-Approval- Integrity

UNIT IV - SECURITYPOLICY

Privacy-SecurityInfrastructure-SolutionforTrust-FourTrustingConvictions-SevenBasicFactors at Influence Trust -Secure Trading for Electronic Businesses Makes Trust-Solutions for Security -Testing E-Commerce Security

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UNIT V - E-BUSINESSTHREATSANDSOLUTIONS

E-Business Threats- Authentication Attacks-Respect ability Attacks- Secrecy Attacks-Infection-Trojan Horse-Wormse-Business Solutions

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

(9)

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Tavares, Joao Manuel R.S, Handbook of e-business security, LCCN 2018013131 | ISBN 9781138571303,2019.

REFERENCES:

MehdiKhosrowpour, E-commerce Security: Advice from Experts, Idea Group Inc(IGI),2004
 Ronggang Zhang , Lijuan Fang , Xiaoping He , Chuan Wei, The Whole Process of E-commerce SecurityManagementSystem,February2023

| | | | | Ma | pping | of CO | s with | POs / | PSO s | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------------|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | | | | | | PC | Ds | | | | | | PS | SOs |
| COs | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |

| | 22CCX06 – DATA PRIVACY AND PR | OTECTION | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----|
| | (Common to 22CSX026,22ITX26, 22A | X24) | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | |
| | | | L | Т | Ρ | С |
| | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PREREQU | JISITE: Nil | | | | | |
| Course Ob | • To provide students with a comprehens personal and sensitive data from unautho | | | | rd | |
| Course Out | | Cognitive | We | ighta | ge of | COs |
| The Student w | | Level | in End Semester | | | |
| | | | Examination | | | |
| COI | Apply knowledge on fundamental principles of | Ap | | 2 | 0% | |
| COT | Data privacy. | | | 2 | 070 | |
| | To design and development of data preservation byusing | | • • / | | | |
| CO2 | datamining. | An | | 20 | 0% | |
| | Ability to assess privacy risks associated with | | | - | | |
| CO3 | Privacy regulations. | Ар | | 20 | 0% | |
| | Analyses various approaches in data security by using | | | | | |
| CO4 | tools. | An | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO5 | Apply security on storage and database. | Ар | | 2(|)% | |

UNITI - INTRODUCTIONTODATAPRIVACY

Data Privacy and its Importance - Need for Sharing Data - Methods of Protecting Data - Importance of Balancing Data Privacy and Utility – Introduction to Anonymization Design Principles - Nature of Data in the Enterprise Static Data Anonymization on Multidimensional Data: Introduction - 36 Classification of Privacy Preserving Methods - Classification of Data in a Multidimensional Data Set - Group-Based Anonymization.

UNIT II – PRIVACY PRESERVING DATAMINING

Introduction - Privacy Preserving Graph Data - Privacy Preserving Time Series Data - Privacy Preservation of Longitudinal Data - Privacy Preservation of Transaction Data - Static Data Anonymization: Threats to Anonymized Data-Threats to Data Structures-Threats by Anonymization Techniques.

UNITIII – PRIVACYREGULATIONS

Introduction - UK Data Protection Act 1998. - Federal Act of Data Protection of Switzerland 1992 - Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) - The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) : Effects of Protection - Anonymization Considerations - Anonymization Design for HIPAA - Explicit Identifiers - Quasi-Identifiers -Sensitive Data. – Anonymization Design Checklist.

UNIT IV – DATASECURITY

Securing Unstructured Data : Structured Data vs. Unstructured Data – At Rest ,in Transit and in Use - Approachesto secure Unstructured Data – Newer Approaches to Secure Unstructured Data. Information Rights Management :Overview – IRM Technology Details – Getting Started with IRM. Encryption: History of Encryption – Symmetric KeyCryptography – Public Key Cryptography.

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UNITV-CONTEMPORARYISSUES

Storage Security: Evolution – Modern Storage Security – Risk Remediation – Best Practices. Database Security:General Concepts – Database Security Layers – Database-Level Security – Database Backup and Recovery – Database Auditing and Monitoring.

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

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TEXTBOOKS:

I. Venkataramanan, Nataraj, and Ashwin Shriram. Data Privacy: Principles and Practice. CRC Press, 2017

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rhodes-Ousley, Mark. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Second Edition, And Information Security Management: Concepts and Practice. New York, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 2. David Salomon, Data Privacy and Security, Springer, 2003
- Andrew Vladimirov Michajlows ki, Konstantin, Andrew A. Vladimirov, and Konstantin V. Gavrilenko. Assessing Information Security: Strategies, Tactics, Logic and Framework. IT Governance Ltd, 2010.

| | | | | | Маррі | ng of (| Cos wi | th Pos | / PSO | S | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| Cos | | | | | | I | POs | | | | | | PSO | 5 |
| COS | Ι | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
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| 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 2 |
| 4 | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 2 |
| CO (W.A) | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.2 | 0.8 |

| | 22CCX07 - CYBER PHYSICAL SYS | TEMS | | | | |
|--------|---|--------------------|----|-------|---------------------------|------|
| | (Common to 22AIX25, 22CIX36) | | | | | |
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| PRE | REQUISITE: Nil | | | | | |
| Course | • To focuses on the integration of con processes, aiming to teach students about of systems where physical and cyber compor | the design, a | | | | |
| | se Outcomes udent will be able to | Cognitive Level | in | End S | ige of Semes inatio | ster |
| COI | Gain a foundational understanding of CPS, including demarcating specific systems, | An | | 2 | 20% | |
| CO2 | Able to analysis information and its symbolic realities | Ap | | 2 | 20% | |
| CO3 | Design and development of various decision-making techniques applicable to cyber-physical Systems | E | | 2 | 20% | |
| CO4 | Develop skills in employing data networks and wireless communications within the framework of CPS, and grasp the practical applications of artificial intelligence and machine learning. | An | | 2 | 20% | |
| CO5 | Gain insight into upcoming technologies and their potential applications across different sectors along with ethics. | An | | 2 | .0% | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

Introduction to Cyber -Physical Systems - Need for a General Theory - Systems Engineering - Demarcation ofSpecific Systems - Classification of Systems - Maxwell's Demon as a System - Games and Uncertainty - Uncertainty and Probability Theory - Random Variables: Dependence and Stochastic Processes

UNIT II - INFORMATION AND NETWORK

Data and Information - Information and Its Different Forms - Physical and Symbolic Realities - Network Types -Processes on Networks and Applications - Limitations

UNIT III - DECISIONS AND ACTIONS

Forms of Decision Making – Optimization - Game Theory - Rule-Based Decisions - The Three Layers of Cyber-Physical Systems - Physical Layer, Measuring, and Sensing Processes - Data Layer and Informing Processes - Decision Layer and Acting Processes - Layer Based Protocols and Cyber-Physical Systems Design

UNIT IV - DYNAMICS OF CYBER-PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

Introduction to Dynamics of Cyber-Physical Systems - Failures and Layer-Based Attacks - Enabling Information and Communication Technologies - Data Networks and Wireless Communications - Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning - Decentralized Computing and Distributed Ledger Technology

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UNIT V - APPLICATIONS

Future Technologies: A Look at the Unknown Future - Cyber-Physical Industrial System - Cyber-Physical EnergySystem -Governance Models - Social Implications of the Cyber Reality - Case studies The Cyber Project

TOTAL:45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Pedro H. J. Nardelli, Cyber-physical Systems, Released May 2022, Publisher(s): Wiley-IEEE Press, ISBN: 9781119785163.

REFERENCES:

1. Rajeev Alur, Principles of Cyber Physical Systems, 1st Edition, MIT Press 2015.

2. Raj Rajkumar, Dionisio de Niz, Mark Klein Cyber-Physical Systems, Released December 2016, Publisher(s):Addison-Wesley Professional. ISBN: 9780133416169

| | | | | | Маррі | ng of (| Cos wi | th PO | s/PSOs | 5 | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|-------|---------|--------|-------|--------|----|----|----|------|---|
| Cos | | | | | | | POs | | | | | | PSOs | 5 |
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| 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | 3 |

| | 2 | 2CCX08 - INTRUSION DETEC | | MS | | | | | |
|--------|--|---|--------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|------|--|--|
| | | (Common to 22CIX38 | 3) | | | | | | |
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| PRER | EQUISITE: | Nil | | | | | | | |
| Course | e Objective: | To provide students with a compreh implementation, and their role in ne | | g of ho | w IDS | work,tl | neir | | |
| | e Outcomes ent will be able to |) | Cognitive Level | in | End S | ge of emes inatio | ter | | |
| соі | | al skills in deploying and configuring IDSin vironments. | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | | various IDS technologies and network using IDS tools. | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO3 | Configure a Detection | server and its hosts for real-timeIntrusion | Ap | | 2 | 0% | | | |
| CO4 | Select and in network. | stall a IDS system such as Snort tosecure the | An | 0% | | | | | |
| CO5 | | prehensive reports summarizing Snortactivity, eats, and response actions. | С | | 2 | 0% | | | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION

Understanding Intrusion Detection – Intrusion detection and prevention basics – IDS and IPS analysis schemes, Attacks, Detection approaches –Misuse detection – anamoly detection – specification-based detection – hybrid detection-methodologies-Signature & Anomaly based Detection, Stateful protocol analysis Types of IDS, Information sources Host based information sources, Network based informationsources.

UNIT II - THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS OF DETECTION TECHNOLOGIES

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Taxonomy of anomaly detection system – fuzzy logic – Bayes theory – Artificial Neural networks – Supportvector machine - IDS TECHNOLOGIES: Components & Architecture-Typical components, Network Architectures Security capabilities - Information gathering capabilities, logging capabilities, detection & prevention capabilities. Network protocolbased IDS, Hybrid IDS, and Analysis schemes.

UNIT III - NETWORK BASED IDS

Networking Overview- OSI layers. Components and Architecture - Typical components, Network

architectures and sensor locations. Security capabilities Wireless IDPS – Wireless Networking overview-WLAN standards & components. Components Network Behavior analysis system.

UNIT IV - HOST BASED IDS

Components and Architecture-Typical components, Network architectures, Agent locations, host

architectures. Security capabilities-Logging, detection, prevention and other capabilities. Using & Integrating multiple IDPS technologies-Need for multiple IDPS technologies, Integrating different IDPS technologies-Other technologies with IDPS capabilities, Anti – malware technologies, Firewalls and Routers, Honeypots.

UNIT V - APPLICATIONS AND SNORT TOOLS

Tool Selection and Acquisition Process - Bro Intrusion Detection – Prelude Intrusion Detection – Cisco Security IDS - Snorts Intrusion Detection – NFR security - Introduction to Snort, Working with Snort Rules,Snort configuration, Snort with MySQL, Running Snort on Multiple Network Interfaces.

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

Carl Endorf, Eugene Schultz and Jim Mellander" Intrusion Detection & Prevention", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006. Ali A. Ghorbani, Wei Lu, "Network Intrusion Detection and Prevention: Concepts and Techniques", Springer, 2010. **REFERENCES:** Stephen Northcutt, Judy Novak: "Network Intrusion Detection", 3rd Edition, New Riders Publishing, 2002. Paul E. Proctor, "The Practical Intrusion Detection Handbook ", Prentice Hall, 2001. Rafeeq Rehman: "Intrusion Detection with SNORT, Apache, MySQL, PHP and ACID," 1st

Edition, Prentice Hall, 2003

| Mapping of COs with POs / PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|------|---|
| COs | POs | | | | | | | | | | | | PSOs | |
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Approved by Twelfth academic council



| 22CCX11 - MOBILE DEVICE SECURITY (Common to 22AIX26, 22CIX37) | | | | | | | | |
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| PRE | REQUISITE: NIL | | | | | | | |
| Cour | • To equip students with the knowledge a and the data they hold. | and skills necessa | ry to pi | rotect | mobiled | devices | | |
| | e Outcomes Ident will be able to | Cognitive Level | Weightage of COs in End Semester Examination | | | | | |
| соі | Apply theoretical knowledge to solve real-world security problems and scenarios related to mobile communication. | Ap | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | Apply access control mechanisms and user authentication techniques to ensure that only authorized individuals can access device resources. | Ap | 20% | | | | | |
| CO3 | Analyze security testing results and vulnerability reportsto prioritize and address application-level security issues. | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO4 | List the various types of threats for MANET applications. | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO5 | Discuss security challenges and attacks over mobile commerce services. | An | 20% | | | | | |

UNIT I - SECURITY ISSUES IN MOBILE COMMUNICATION

Mobile Communication History - Security – Wired Vs Wireless, Security Issues in Wireless and Mobile Communications, Security Requirements in Wireless and Mobile Communications, Security for Mobile Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages of Application-level Security.

UNIT II - SECURITY OF DEVICE, NETWORK, AND SERVER LEVELS

Mobile Devices Security Requirements - Mobile Wireless network level Security, Server Level Security; Application -Level Security in Wireless Networks - Application of WLANs, Wireless Threats, Some Vulnerabilities and Attach Methods over WLANs, Security for IG Wi-Fi Applications, Security for GWi- Fi Applications, Recent Security Schemes for Wi-Fi Applications.

UNIT III - APPLICATION-LEVEL SECURITY IN CELLULAR NETWORKS

Generations of Cellular Networks - Security Issues and attacks in cellular networks - GSM Security for applications - GPRS Security for applications - UMTS security for applications - 3G security for applications -Some of Security and authentication Solutions.

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UNIT IV- APPLICATION-LEVEL SECURITY IN MANETS

MANETs-Applications of MANETs, MANET Features, Security Challenges in MANETs; Security Attacks on MANETs - External Threats for MANET applications, Internal threats for MANET Applications, Some of the Security Solutions; Ubiquitous Computing - Need for Novel Security Schemes for UC Security Challenges for UC, Security Attacks on UC networks, Some of the security solutions for UC.

UNIT V - SECURITY FOR MOBILE COMMERCE APPLICATION

M-commerce Applications - M-commerce Initiatives - Security Challenges in Mobile E-commerce - Types of Attacks on Mobile E-commerce - A Secure M-commerce Model Based on Wireless Local Area Network – Some of M -Commerce Security Solutions.

TOTAL:45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Pallapa Venkata ram, Satish Babu, "Wireless and Mobile Network Security", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2010.

2. Man Ho Au, Raymond Choo," Mobile Security and Privacy", 1st Edition, Syngress Publisher, 2016

REFERENCES:

1. Frank Adelstein, K.S.Gupta , "Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill 2005.

2. Randall k. Nichols, Panos C. Lekkas, "Wireless Security Models, Threats and Solutions", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

B. Bruce Potter and Bob Fleck, "802.11 Security", 1st Edition, SPD O'REILLY 2005.

4. James Kempf, "Guide to Wireless Network Security, Springer. Wireless Internet Security - Architecture and Protocols", 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

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| | 2 | 22CCXI2 - MALWARE ANA (Common to 22AIX27) | | | | | | | |
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| PREREQ | UISITE: Nil | | | | | | | | |
| Course Ob | ojective: | To provide students with a compreh including techniques, tools, and metho mitigate malicious software. | | • | | , | sis, | | |
| Course O The Student | utcomes will be able to | | Cognitive Level | | | sin Er neste | nd er | | |
| COI | ldentify variou world applica | s malwares the behavior of malwaresin real tions. | Ap | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | Implement diffe | erent malware analysis techniques. | С | 20% | | | | | |
| CO3 | Analyze the m | alware behavior in windows andandroid. | An | An 20% | | | | | |
| CO4 | | on signatures and Indicators of (IOCs) to identify malware detection | С | | | 20% | | | |
| CO5 | | analysis on Windows executables andDLLs ningful information without execution. | An | | | 20% | | | |

UNITI-MALWARE ANALYSIS

Malware Components and Distribution – Malware Packers – Persistence Mechanisms - Network Communication- Code Injection - Process Hollowing and API Hooking - Stealth and Rootkits

UNITII-MALWARE CLASSIFICATION

Static Analysis – Dynamic Analysis – Memory Forensics with Volatility -Malware Pay load Dissection and Classification

UNITIII-MALWARE REVERSE ENGINEERING

Debuggers and Assembly Language – Debugging Tricks for Unpacking Malware- Debugging Code Injection-Armoring and Evasion: The Anti-Techniques-Fileless, Macros, and Other Malware Trends

UNITIV- DETECTION ENGINEERING

Antivirus Engines - IDS/IPS and Snort / Suricata Rule Writing – Malware Sand box Internals – Binary Instrumentation For Reversing Automation

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UNITY - ANALYZING MALICIOUS WINDOWS PROGRAMS

Analyzing Malicious Windows Programs – The Windows API - Types and Hungarian Notation-File System Functions-Shared Files-Files Accessible via Namespaces - Alternate Data Streams - The Windows Registry.

TOTAL:45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1 Malware Analysis and Detection Engineering, A Comprehensive Approach to Detect and Analyze Modern Malware by Abhijit Mohanta, Anoop Saldanha, 2020, Publisher(s): Apress, ISBN: 9781484261934
- 2 Michael Sikorski and Andrew Honig, "PracticalMalwareAnalysis" by NoStarchPress, 2012, ISBN: 9781593272906

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jamie Butler and Greg Hoglund, "Rootkits: Subverting the Windows Kernel" by 2005, Addison-Wesley Professional.
- 2. Bruce Dang, Alexandre Gazet, Elias Bacchanalian, Sebastien Josse, "Practical Reverse Engineering:×86, ×64, ARM, Windows Kernel, Reversing Tools, and Obfuscation", 2014.

| | | | | | Mappi | ing of | Cos w | ith Po | s / PSC | Os | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|-------|--------|-------|--------|---------|----|----|----|------|---|--|
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| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | |

| | | 22CCX13-DIGITALFOR | ENSICS | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|----|
| | | (Common to 22AIX28 | 3) | | | | |
| | | | | L | Т | Ρ | С |
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| PREF | REQUISITE: | NIL | | | | | |
| Cours | e Objective: | • To focuses on the methods and techni evidence. | ques used to investi | gate and | d analyz | edigita | .1 |
| | se Outcomes dent will be able to | 0 | Cognitive Level | | Veigh COsin Semo Exami | n End ester | |
| соі | Explain the basi | cs of digital forensics process. | Ap | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO2 | Describe abo investigations pr | 5 | An | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO3 | Outline the Fra digital forensic | meworks, Standards and Methodologiesfor s. | Ap | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO4 | Identify the digita | l evidences and tools for iOS devices | Ap | | 2 | 0% | |
| CO5 | findings, method | d detailed forensic reports that summarize dologies, and conclusions, l proceedings or organizational review. | С | | 2 | 0% | |

UNITI - INTRODUCTION

Introduction - Computer Forensics Fundamentals, Types of Computer Forensics Technology, Types of Computer Forensics Systems; Vendor and Computer Forensics Services.

UNITII - COMPUTERFORENSICSEVIDENCEAND CAPTURE

Computer forensics evidence and capture - Data Recovery - Evidence Collection and Data Seizure - DuplicationandPreservationofDigitalEvidence-ComputerImageVerificationandAuthentication.

UNITIII - COMPUTER FORENSIC ANALYSIS

Discover of Electronic Evidence - Identification of Data, Reconstructing Past Events - Fighting against Macro Threats; Tactics of the Military - Tactics of Terrorist and Rogues -Tactics of Private Companies.

UNITIV - INFORMATION OPERATIONS

Arsenal and Surveillance Tools - Hackers and Theft of Components, Contemporary Computer Crime,Identity Theft and Identity Fraud; Organized Crime &Terrorism - Applying the First Amendment to Computer Related Crime, The Fourth Amendment and other Legal Issues.

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UNITY – DIGITAL FORENSIC CASES

Developing Forensic Capabilities – Searching and Seizing Computer Related Evidence, ProcessingEvidence and Report Preparation, - Future Issues.

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. JohnR.Vacca, "Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation", CengageLearning, 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 2. MarjieTBritz, "Computer Forensics and Cyber Crime: An Introduction", Pearson Education, 2ndEdition, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Cyber security Understanding of cybercrimes, computer forensics andLegal perspectives by Nina Godbole and Sunit Belapure Wiley India Publication 2019.
- 2. The basics of digital Forensics (Latest Edition)–The primer for getting started indigital forensics by John Sammons–ElsevierSyngressImprint2015.

3. Practical Digital Forensics – Richard Boddington [PACKT] Publication, Opensource community2010.

4. MajidYar, "Cybercrime and Society", SAGE Publications Ltd, Hardcover, 2nd Edition, 2013.

| | | | | Марр | oing of | COs | with P | Os / F | PSO s | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|---|------|---------|-----|--------|--------|--------------|----|----|----|----|-----|
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| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | 3 |

| | 22CC | XI4 - DATA ANALYTICS FOR | CYBERSECU | JRITY | • | | | | |
|--------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
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| PREF | REQUISITE: | NIL | | | | | | | |
| Course | e Objective: | • To enhance cybersecurity measures, ir incident response efforts. | nprove threat dete | ction, ar | nd supp | ort | | | |
| | e Outcomes dent will be able to | | Cognitive Level | | COsl Sem | tage n End ester natio | l | | |
| COI | • | e of Big Data storage systems like HDFSand dels like MapReduce and YARN. | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | Analyze data by algorithms. | utilizing lustering and classification | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO3 | | evaluate association rules and various on system approaches. | Ap | | 2 | 0% | | | |
| CO4 | Perform real-tin data. | ne analytics and sentiment analysis usingstream | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO5 | Analyze Big Da explore Big Da | ta using tools like Hive and HBase, and ata. | An | | 2 | 0% | | | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION TO BIGDATA

Evolution of Big data; Best Practices for Big data Analytics; Big data characteristics; Validating; The Promotion of the Value of Big Data; Big Data Use Cases; Characteristics of Big Data Applications -Perception and Quantificationof Value; Understanding Big Data Storage; HDFS; Map Reduce and YARN–Map Reduce Programming Model.

UNIT II - CLUSTERING AND CLASSIFICATION

Advanced Analytical Theory and Methods- Overview of Clustering, K-means, Use Cases; Overview of the Method - Determining the Number of Clusters, Diagnostics, Reasons to Choose and Cautions; Classification- Decision Trees, Overview of a Decision Tree, The General Algorithm, Decision Tree Algorithms, Evaluating a Decision Tree, Decision Trees in R; Naïve Bayes – Bayes' Theorem, Naïve Bayes Classifier.

UNIT III - ASSOCIATION AND RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM

Advanced Analytical Theory and Methods- Association Rules, Overview, Apriori Algorithm, Evaluation O Candidate Rules; Finding Association& finding similarity; Recommendation System- Collaborative Recommendation, Content Based Recommendation, Knowledge Based Recommendation, Hybrid Recommendation Approaches.

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UNIT- IV STREAM MEMORY

Introduction to Streams Concepts; Stream Data Model and Architecture - Stream Computing, Sampling Data in aStream, Filtering Streams, Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream; Estimating moments; Counting oneness in aWindow – Decaying Window; Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications; Case Studies; Real Time Sentiment Analysis.

UNIT V - NO SQL DATA MANAGEMENT FOR BIG DATA AND VISUALIZATION

No SQL Databases- Schema-less Models; Increasing Flexibility for Data Manipulation; Key Value Stores-DocumentStores, Tabular Stores, Object Data Stores; Graph Databases Hive; Sharding; HBase – Analyzing big data with twitter; Big data for E-Commerce; Big data for blogs; Review of Basic Data Analytic Methods using.

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 2012.

2. David Loshin," Big Data Analytics: From Strategic Planning to Enterprise Integration with Tools, Techniques, NoSQL and Graph", Morgan Kauffmann/Elsevier Publishers, 2013

REFERENCES:

159 | Page

1. EMC Education Services, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data", Wiley publishers, 2015.

2. Bart Baesens, "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications", Wiley Publishers, 2015.

3. Dietmar Jannach and Markus Zanker, "Recommender Systems: An Introduction", Cambridge UniversityPress, 2010

4. Kim H. Pries and Robert Dunnigan, "Big Data Analytics: A Practical Guide for Managers" CRC Press, 2015

| | | | | ۲ | lapping | g of Co | os with | Pos / | PSO s | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---------|---------|-------------|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-----|---|
| Cos | | | | | | F | 'O s | | | | | | PSO | 5 |
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| 2 | 22CCX15 - VU | ILNERABILITY ASSESSMENT | AND PENET | RAT | ION | TES | ΓING |
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| PRE | REQUISITE: I | NIL | | | | | |
| Cours | se Objective: | • This course covers Metasploit attacks automated/manual vulnerability assess techniques and web vulnerability asse skills for comprehensive security even | nents. It includes wir ssments, providing s | eless h | acking | essentia | I |
| | se Outcomes udent will be able to | | Cognitive Level | | Veigh COsi Sem Exami | n End ester | l |
| COI | Analyze the differe testing process. | nt phases involved in the penetration | Ap | | 2 | .0% | |
| CO2 | | pproaches and tools used in ing during penetration Testing | An | | 2 | .0% | |
| CO3 | Discuss the functic identifying and as Security vulnerabili | | Ap | | 2 | .0% | |
| CO4 | Summarize wireles process | ss network vulnerability analysis | An | | 2 | .0% | |
| CO5 | ldentify key challen solutions with pro | ges associated with web hacking andbuild ofessional ethics. | An | | 2 | .0% | |

UNIT I- TESTING PROCESS

Introduction – Terminologies – Categories of penetration testing – Types of penetration test – Vulnerability Assessment-Risk Assessment-Methodology

UNIT II - INFORMATION GATHERING

Information gathering techniques – Active, passive and sources of information gathering – Approaches andtools – Trace routes, neo trace, what web, net craft, X code exploit scanner and NS lookup - Zone Transfer with Host Command – DNS Cache Snooping – Sniffing SNMP Passwords-SNMP Brute Force and

Dictionary

UNIT III - HOST DISCOVERY AND EVADING TECHNIQUES

Host discovery - Scanning for open ports and services - Types of port-Vulnerability scanner function - Pros and cons – Vulnerability assessment with NMAP – Testing SCADA environment with NMAP – Nessus vulnerability scanner – Safe check – Silent dependencies – Port range-vulnerability data resources

UNIT IV - WIRELESS VULNERABILITY

Introduction-Requirements-Uncovering Hidden SSIDs-Turning on the Monitor Mode-Placing Your Wireless Adapter in Monitor Mode-Cracking a WPA/WPA2 Wireless Network -Capturing Packets Capturing the Four-Way Handshake-Reducing the Delay-Evil Twin Attack-Scanning the Neighbors Spoofing the MAC-Setting Up a Fake Access Point-Remote file inclusion

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UNITY - WEB VULNERABILITY

Attacking the Authentication-Brute Force and Dictionary Attacks-Types of Authentication-Crawling Restricted Links-Testing for the Vulnerability-Authentication Bypass with Insecure Cookie Handling XSSvulnerability -SQL Injection Attacks-Cross-Site Request Forgery-File Inclusion Vulnerabilities Testing a website for SSI injection

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rafay Baloch, Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide, CRC Press, First Edition, 2015

REFERENCES:

- 1. Prakhar Prasad, Mastering Modern Web Penetration Testing, Packt Publishing, First Edition, 2016.
- 2. Abhinav Singh, Metasploit Penetration Testing Cookbook, Wailings, Prentice Hall, 2010. Packt Publishing, First Edition, 2012.

| | | | | Ma | pping | of CO | s with | POs / | PSOs | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | | | РС | Ds | | | | | | PS | Os |
| COs | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | | 2 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | | 3 | 3 | | | | | 3 | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | I | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |

| 22C | CX16 - INI | FORMATION SYSTEM SECUR (Common to 22CSX24,22 | | MEN | IT | | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------|-------------|---------|-----|--|--|
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| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | | |
| PRERE | QUISITE: | Nil | | | | | | | |
| Course (| Objective: | To focuses on the strategies and pra and manage security effectively within | | otect in | formati | onsyste | ems | | |
| | Outcomes at will be able to |) | Cognitive Level | | COsi Sem | - | | | |
| COI | demonstratin | etical knowledge to practical problems, g the ability to develop and implement tions based on frameworks. | Ар | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | Analyze and e | explore the information security controls | An | | 2 | 0% | | | |
| CO3 | Assess and ev information | valuate the risk management practices of security. | Ap | | 2 | 0% | | | |
| CO4 | Identify the d appropriate d | isasters and recovering from them with lecisions. | An | | 2 | 0% | | | |
| CO5 | restoration, a | recovery strategies, such as data backupand Iternative site arrangements, and failover ensure effective recovery. | Ар | | 2 | 0% | | | |

UNIT I - INFORMATION SECURITY PRINCIPLES AND FRAMEWORK

Information Security- Assets and Types - Threat, Vulnerability, Risk and Impact - Information Security Policy Concepts -Need for Information Security. Organization and Responsibilities: Organizational Policy, Standardsand Procedures -Information Security Governance - Information Assurance Programme Implementation - Security Incident Management -Legal Framework: Security Standards and Procedures.

UNIT II - SECURITY LIFE CYCLE AND CONTROLS

Information Security Life Cycle - Testing, Audit, Review and Controls - Systems Development and Support - General Controls - People Security - User Access Controls - Technical Security - Protection fromMalicious Software - Physical Security - Different Uses of Controls.

UNIT III - SECURITY MANAGEMENT MODELS AND PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

Blueprints - Frameworks and Security Models - Security Architecture Models - Various Access ControlModels - Information Security Performance Measurement.

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UNIT IV - RISK ASSESSMENT & RISK MANAGEMENT

Threats and its Categories - Vulnerabilities and its Categories - Risk - Calculation of Overall Risk – Risk Identification -Risk Analysis - Risk Evaluation - Risk Control - Risk Termination - Risk Reduction – Risk Transfer - Risk Tolerance -Overall Risk Assessment. Risk Management Framework and Process – ManagingRisk - Risk Treatment- Alternative Risk Management Methodologies.

UNIT V - DISASTER RECOVERY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY MANAGEMENT

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Disaster Recovery Process and policy - Relationship between Disaster Recovery and Business ContinuityManagement -Resilience and Redundancy - Approaches to Writing and Implementing Plans - Need for Documentation -Maintenance and Testing.

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Andy Taylor, David Alexander, Amanda Finch and David Sutton, "Information Security Principles", 2020, Third Edition, BCS, United Kingdom.

2. Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, "Management of Information Security", 2018, Sixth Edition, Cengage Learning, United States of America.

REFERENCES:

I. Calder, A., and Watkins, S. G., "Information security risk management for ISO27001/ISO27002", 2018, Third Edition, IT Governance Ltd, United States of America.

2. Susanto, H., and Almunawar, M. N, "Information security management systems: A novel framework and software as a tool for compliance with information security standards", 2018, First Edition, Apple Academic Press, New York.

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| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | | | |
| PRER | EQUISITE : | NIL | | | | | | | | |
| Course | e Objective: | To Focuses students with the knowled cybersecurity initiatives, align them with ensure compliance with relevant regula | n organizational goals | s, and | effective | elymana | ge | | | |
| | e Outcomes lent will be able to | | Cognitive Level | Weightage of | | | | | | |
| COI | Ability to identify | threats and introduction Governance. | Ap | 20% | | | | | | |
| CO2 | Create and implement communication plans to ensure effective reporting and communication of IT governancei | | С | | 0% | | | | | |
| CO3 | | ts of climate change on environmental evelop strategies for adaptation and | An | 20% | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | ability to apply theoretical knowledgeto s, developing and implementing industry itions. | An | 20% | | | | | | |
| CO5 | performance of fi | for monitoring and evaluating the nancial institutions against governance gulatory requirements. | An | 20% | | | | | | |

UNIT I - INTRODUCTION

Act Locally, Impact Globally – Governance – Risk – Compliance and Internal Controls – GRC and Globalization – Growth of Global Trade – Simple Suggestion to Improve Governance, Risk Management and Compliance (GRC) – A Risk-Based Approach to ICFR – COSO – Time to Rethink the corporate tax.

UNIT II - GOVERNANCE IT

Role of internal Audit – Risk and Resolution – Last Mile of Finance – Fraud and Corruption – Fighting Corruption Remains a losing battle - IT Governance Overview – ISO 27001 and ISO 17799 - COBIT.

UNIT III - ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE

The Impact of Environmental Legislation on High – Tech Supply Chains – Environmental Compliance and Enforcement in China – The Trajectory of Environmental Regulation: A Strategic Approach for industry – Environmental Compliance in India – Latin American Environmental Compliance: Environmental Biotechnology

Policy Developments in the United States related to chemicals and electronic waste.

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UNIT IV - INDUSTRY GOVERNANCE

Electronics Global Homologation: Removing Regulatory Barriers to Trade – Protecting the Innocent: TheInformation Security and Privacy Battle – Shippers Compliance in Freight Transportation and Logistics – Pharmaceutical – Public Sector Transparency.

UNIT V - FINANCIAL SERVICES GOVERNANCE

Financial Services Regulation and Corporate Governance – Insurance Industry and Solvency II – IslamicFinance – Corporate Governance and Risk Management in Africa.

TOTAL (L:45) = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

I. Anthony Tarantino, "Governance, Risk and Compliance Handbook", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Mark S Merkow , Jim Breithaupt, "Information Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson Education Inc.., New Delhi, 2014.

2. Charles P. Pfleeger and Sari Lawrence Pfleeger, "Analyzing Computer Security: A Threat /Vulnerability / Counter measure Approach", Pearson Education, New Delhi,2012.

3. Michael E Whitman, Herbert J Mattord, "Principles of Information Security", Cengage

Learning, USA, 2014.

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| | | | | Мар | ping o | f COs | with F | POs / I | PSOs | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|-----|--------|-------|---------------|---------|------|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | | | | | | PO | S | | | | | | PS | SOs |
| COs | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | | 3 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | |
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| 4 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 5 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | | 3 | 3 |

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| | | 22CCX18 – HARDWAR | RE SECURITY | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|
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| PREF | REQUISITE: | NIL | | | | | | | |
| Cours | se Objective: | This course focuses concept cryptography, hardware designed learning. | | | | | | | |
| | e Outcomes dent will be able to | | Cognitive Level | Weight age of COs In End Semester Examination | | | | | |
| COI | including redundar | of secure hardware design, ncy, fail-safes, and robust eate resilient hardware | Ар | 20% | | | | | |
| CO2 | Analyze the perfo | ormance impacts of dware security primitives, e-offs between security | An | 20% | | | | | |
| CO3 | | - | Ap | 20% | | | | | |
| CO4 | | r management techniques and uce power consumption and fficiency | Ар | 20% | | | | | |
| CO5 | hardware Trojans | is to mitigate the effects of , including redundancy, or detection mechanisms. | с | 20% | | | | | |

UNIT I – MODERN HARDWARE DESIGN

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Introduction – Mapping an algorithm to hardware – Binary GCD Processor – Enhancing the performance of a hardware design – modelling of the computational elements of the gcd processor.

UNIT II –HARDWARE DESIGN OF THE ADVANCED ENCRYPTION STANDARD

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Algorithmic and Architectural Optimizations for AES Design - Circuit for the AES S-Box -Implementation of theMix Column Transformation - An Example Reconfigurable Design for the Rijndael Cryptosystem - Single Chip Encryptor/Decryptor

UNIT III – SIDE – CHANNEL HARDWARE

Types of Side Channel Attacks - Kocher's Seminal Works - Power Attacks - Fault Attacks - Cache Attacks - Scan Chain-Based Attacks - Scan Chain-Based Attacks on Cryptographic Implementations - Scan Attack on Trivium -Testability of Cryptographic Designs Introduction - Trojan Taxonomy and Examples - Multi-Level Attack - Effect of Hardware Trojan on Circuit Reliability - Hardware Trojan Insertion by Direct Modification of FPGA Configuration Bitstream-StatisticalApproach for Trojan Detection

UNIT V – SIDE-CHANNEL ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES FOR HARDWARE TROJANS DETECTION

Motivation for the Proposed Approaches - Multiple-Parameter Analysis-Based Trojan Detection - Integration with Logic-Testing Approach - Obfuscation-Based Trojan Detection/Protection - Integrated Framework for Obfuscation - A FPGA-Based Design Technique for Trojan Isolation - A Design Infrastructure Approach to Prevent Circuit Malfunction.

TOTAL(L:45):45PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

I. Debdeep Mukhopadhyay and Rajat Subhra Chakraborty, "Hardware Security: Design, Threats, and Safeguards", CRC Press

https://www.routledge.com/Hardware-Security-Design-Threats-and-Safeguards/Mukhopadhyay-Chakraborty/p/book/9781439895832

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ahmad-Reza Sadeghi and David Naccache (eds.): Towards Hardware-intrinsic Security: Theory and Practice, Springer.
- 2. Ted Huffmire et al: Handbook of FPGA Design Security, Springer.
- 3. Stefan Mangard, Elisabeth Oswald, Thomas Popp: Power analysis attacks revealing the secrets of smart cards. Springer 2007.
- 4. Doug Stinson, Cryptography Theory and Practice, CRC Press.

| Mapping of Cos with Pos / PSOs | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|------|---|---|
| COs | POs | | | | | | | | | | | PSOs | | |
| | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | I | 2 |
| I | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
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| 3 | | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 |
| CO (W.A) | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - |

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